

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

JESUS F. MARROQUIN,

Petitioner,

v.

BEN CURRY, Warden,

Respondent.

No. C 08-5779 MMC (PR)

ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE

On December 30, 2008, petitioner, a California prisoner incarcerated at the Correctional Training Facility at Soledad, California, and proceeding pro se, filed the above-titled petition for a writ of habeas corpus pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254, challenging the denial of parole by the California Board of Parole Hearings (“Board”). Petitioner has paid the filing fee.

BACKGROUND

In 1993, in the Los Angeles County Superior Court, petitioner was found guilty of second degree murder. He was sentenced to a term of fifteen years to life in state prison. On July 24, 2007, the Board, for the second time, found petitioner unsuitable for parole. On November 28, 2008, the California Supreme Court denied petitioner’s state habeas corpus petition challenging the Board’s decision.

DISCUSSION

A. Standard of Review

This Court may entertain a petition for a writ of habeas corpus “in behalf of a person

1 in custody pursuant to the judgment of a State court only on the ground that he is in custody
2 in violation of the Constitution or laws or treaties of the United States.” 28 U.S.C. § 2254(a);
3 Rose v. Hodges, 423 U.S. 19, 21 (1975). A district court shall “award the writ or issue an
4 order directing the respondent to show cause why the writ should not be granted, unless it
5 appears from the application that the applicant or person detained is not entitled thereto.”
6 28 U.S.C. § 2243. Summary dismissal is appropriate only where the allegations in the
7 petition are vague or conclusory, palpably incredible, or patently frivolous or false. See
8 Hendricks v. Vasquez, 908 F.2d 490, 491 (9th Cir. 1990) (quoting Blackledge v. Allison,
9 431 U.S. 63, 75-76 (1977)).

10 B. Petitioner’s Claims

11 Petitioner claims the Board’s decision violated his federal constitutional right to due
12 process because the determination that petitioner’s release would pose an unreasonable risk
13 to public safety was not supported by some evidence, and because the Board, by failing to set
14 petitioner’s release date in accordance with state parole statutes, has extended his sentence
15 beyond the maximum term of punishment allowable under state law for second degree
16 murder. Liberally construed, petitioner’s claims are cognizable.

17 **CONCLUSION**

18 For the reasons stated above, the Court orders as follows:

19 1. The Clerk shall serve by certified mail a copy of this order and the petition, along
20 with the exhibits lodged in support thereof, upon respondent and respondent’s counsel, the
21 Attorney General for the State of California. The Clerk shall also serve a copy of this order
22 on petitioner.

23 2. Respondent shall file with the Court and serve on petitioner, within **ninety (90)**
24 days of the date this order is filed, an answer conforming in all respects to Rule 5 of the
25 Rules Governing Section 2254 Cases, showing cause why a writ of habeas corpus should not
26 be granted based on petitioner’s cognizable claims. Respondent shall file with the answer
27 and serve on petitioner a copy of all portions of the state trial record that have been
28

1 transcribed previously and that are relevant to a determination of the issues presented by the
2 petition.

3 If petitioner wishes to respond to the answer, he shall do so by filing a traverse with
4 the Court and serving it on respondent within **thirty (30)** days of the date the answer is filed.

5 3. In lieu of an answer, respondent may file, within **ninety (90)** days of the date this
6 order is filed, a motion to dismiss on procedural grounds, as set forth in the Advisory
7 Committee Notes to Rule 4 of the Rules Governing Section 2254 Cases. If respondent files
8 such a motion, petitioner shall file with the Court and serve on respondent an opposition or
9 statement of non-opposition within **thirty (30)** days of the date the motion is filed, and
10 respondent shall file with the Court and serve on petitioner a reply within **fifteen (15)** days of
11 the date any opposition is filed.


12 4. Petitioner is reminded that all communications with the Court must be served on
13 respondent by mailing a true copy of the document to respondent's counsel.

14 5. It is petitioner's responsibility to prosecute this case. Petitioner must keep the
15 Court and respondent informed of any change of address and must comply with the Court's
16 orders in a timely fashion. Failure to do so may result in the dismissal of this action for
17 failure to prosecute pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 41(b).

18 6. Upon a showing of good cause, requests for a reasonable extension of time will be
19 granted as long as they are filed on or before the deadline they seek to extend.

20 IT IS SO ORDERED.

21 DATED: July 17, 2009

22 
23 MAXINE M. CHESNEY
24 United States District Judge
25
26
27
28